

12

~~12~~  
~~1. On the milder fevers, then~~

Yi2  
7398  
F 12

1. On the mild bilious fevers  
2. — ~~3~~ Inflam<sup>d</sup> bilious do 4.

3. — ~~4~~ yellow fever - 6  
— ~~Plagues~~ — 00

~~4~~ — ~~Int<sup>er</sup>mit<sup>t</sup>ent fever~~ — 3

~~from some opinion 28~~  
~~from mercury~~  
~~the bite of rabid animals 30~~  
~~of Pox 33~~

~~5. On the intermittent fever~~

~~6. On the chronic bilious fever~~

~~7. On febrile~~ —

~~8. On the plague.~~

~~9. Throat fever.~~



✓ of fevers, and of the signs which indicate  
their ending in life, death, or in other  
diseases. ~~It remains~~ Before I proceed to treat  
all the states of fever which are yet before  
us belong to ~~one~~ of the <sup>great</sup> 2 classes, or to the  
typhoid state of fever, but they are so <sup>combined</sup> ~~compounded~~  
~~with~~ in some of their stages, ~~and~~ or they have  
so many peculiar or local symptoms, that  
some variety in their treatment is necessary.  
I shall therefore ~~to~~ proceed to mention ~~that~~  
their peculiarities, and the peculiar or specific  
~~shall first~~ remedies that are proper to cure them. I  
~~shall take notice of the febrile fever, & the malarial fever~~  
~~which are seated in the blood vessels, & that are seated in the blood vessels,~~  
~~and that are seated in the blood vessels,~~  
and that are seated in the blood vessels,  
of fever which are most common in our country,  
that is the bilious ~~or~~ autumnal fever, or the  
fever from koinoiasmatic exhalations, ~~and~~ ~~the~~  
~~timidly that form of it which is seated in the~~  
~~blood vessels.~~ ~~That~~ It includes the yellow fever -  
the inflamed bilious fever - the mild intermittent  
the Intermitting fever - the Chronic bilious  
fever - & the fibrinula, or what is called III



1

Introduction  
~~on the mild bilious fever~~  
~~inflammatory bilious fever~~  
~~Yellow fever -~~  
~~Plague~~  
~~Spill fever -~~  
~~Fever from Opium,~~  
~~the bite of rabid animals, &~~  
~~Pisces.~~

Gentlemen <sup>general</sup>  
We have now ~~gone~~ taken a view of  
fevers as divided into two great classes, -  
viz: fevers of exsiccative and of weak morbid  
action - that is of fevers in which the  
morbid force of the blood vessels is above  
and below the par of health. We have  
likewise considered an intermediate grade  
of fever between these two great classes w<sup>ch</sup>.  
I have called the typhoid state of fever. We  
have likewise mentioned the remedies  
for each of them, and since taken no-  
-tice of the ~~figs~~ the natural termination



≡ increased fever. After  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the <sup>mild bilious fever</sup> ~~but~~  
fever.

✓ ~~This season~~ It has been remarked  
that a Dry Air is most apt to produce  
remitting fever, while a moist Air in  
the Summer & Autumn is most apt to  
impart to fevers an <sup>intermittent</sup> ~~intermittent~~ fever  
as in Philad<sup>a</sup> in 1805

The ~~so~~ earlier bilious remittents  
appear in the Summer & autumn the  
more general they become in this country.



of the mixed bilious fever.

This disease is described by so many Authors that are in all your hands that little need be said of it. The best Authors <sup>on it</sup> are Celsus, Hillary - Clark - Jackson - Dr J. Hunter.

It assumes as many forms as the yellow fever. Its causes are the same as yellow fever.

The pulse is generally <sup>moderately</sup> synchus, & the blood rarely dry in it. V

Its Remedies are 1<sup>st</sup>. - This vaccination mitigates the violence of the fever & secures the system against the disorders subsequent to it, 2<sup>d</sup>. Regies.

formerly mentioned. ~~I was long~~ [This fever was scarcely known in this city when I first settled in it. It began in Southwark & has since gradually spread over the whole city. When I first met with it, I treated it after the <sup>win</sup> practice with Antimo-  
-rials,



\* I shall hereafter give you a reason  
for this practice founded upon a new  
principle in physiology.

+ The opinions I have lately taught of the  
Use of the Liver will account for <sup>the</sup> ~~this~~  
great Utility <sup>of purges in bilious fevers</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~that~~ <sup>Chyle into the</sup> ~~extraordinary~~ <sup>its</sup> ~~that~~ <sup>is bile into</sup>  
the bowels constantly even after Aliment

ceases to be taken into the Stomach &  
this when discharged acts powerfully in  
depleting the System. [See fact from Aeghorm]



in order to discharge the disease, as I had done  
~~also~~ some other mild forms of fever by the  
skin. Upon being called into consultation w.  
the late Dr. Clarkson, & in a case of bilious plury  
I advised a 4<sup>th</sup> or 5<sup>th</sup> bleeding. The patient immedi-  
ately afterwards began to recover. My excellent friend  
and B<sup>r</sup> <sup>Physicians</sup> gave me Credit for my prescription, &  
then added these words "D<sup>r</sup> we have ~~both~~ both  
err in our practice - I do not bleed er<sup>o</sup> - &  
you do not purge er<sup>o</sup>." From this time w.  
was about the Close of the Revolutionary War, I  
adopted the practice of purging in all the bilious  
fevers of our City from its first, to its last  
stage, and ~~with~~ the happiest effects. The  
purges I ~~used~~ <sup>should be</sup> ~~used~~ Salts with Gum. Tartar  
Lena - Castor Oil, and occasionally Calomel.  
You will perceive I used the last medicine  
but in moderate doses in the fever of 1793  
upon its first appearance, & several who



✓ It is safer in this form of fever  
than in the yellow fever, as it is attended  
with less local determination, but its  
effects I believe are equally salutary  
when applied to the hands & feet &c.



3

before I adopted Dr Young's formula of 10, &  
10. Very Doses of Calomel were like mus-  
-quet balls - Dr Youngs were ~~in~~ all 18  
pounders - I relied chiefly upon purges  
~~3 Vomits are preparatory~~ for the  
Cure of the bilious fever & called the  
break bone fever of this City in the year  
1780. It did not require V.S. - Its very  
name indicated that the viscera were safe.  
The whole force of the disease was of a  
centrifugal nature.

3 Vomits are very proper in this  
fever when it is attended with great nausea,  
and ineffectual efforts to discharge bile.  
4 cool diluting drinks - 5 <sup>cold water</sup> ~~Blisters~~ about  
the ~~throat~~ applied to the Skin. 6 Blisters. These  
when applied about the 4<sup>th</sup> day often  
act like a Charmer in curing this fever.



*[Faint, illegible handwriting on aged paper]*

7

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten mark]*

*[Faint handwritten notes at bottom left]*



7 After the extinction of the pulse, the  
fever often assumes an Intermitting form  
or such ~~weak~~ remissions as to call for  
or leave the Bed. When the stomach bears  
it is a speedy cure — When it rejects it,  
(as it often does) the common Bitters  
of our Shops should be substituted in  
its room.

A Salivation is seldom necessary to cure  
this form of fever. —

of the Inflam<sup>d</sup> bilious fever  
and bilious  
This grade is intermediate between the  
malignant yellow fever. It generally yields  
to three or four Ves: — plentiful purges  
towards its close, Blisters <sup>and Blisters after it</sup> If these fail,  
intermits.

A Salivation must be resorted to. This  
remedy was found to be the only one that  
secured the patients against relapses in  
the back Countries of Peru. in 1804, p. 256  
1.2



6  
Of the yellow fever

For an Account of this grade of <sup>febrile</sup> fever I must refer you to  
~~into~~ the 3 & 4<sup>th</sup> Volumes of my medical  
Inquiries in which you will find a history  
of it as it has appeared in the form of  
an Epidemic, or in Sporadic Cases in  
12 successive years, also to the writings  
of Dr Jackson Mr Allen - Hillary - Snow  
& Chisholm, and to the New York Med.  
Repository in which you will find many  
excellent papers histories of this disease  
as it has appeared in different parts of the  
States. Dr Sydenham's history of this fever  
as it appeared in Baltimore in the year  
1794 is well worth your notice. You will  
find it in Doxey's medical museum. It  
is by studying its different forms in  
different seasons & countries, that you



~~of the yellow fever, or plague~~

For an Acc<sup>t</sup> of this grade of bilious fever  
I <sup>must</sup> refer you to ~~books~~ those published since  
the year 1793 by American & West India Authors  
contain a fuller history of it in all its forms  
than Authors prior to that year. Indeed most  
of them misled us by their theories, or by  
the doctrine of importation, or Contagion<sup>ch</sup>:  
persuade them. In the Medical Repository of  
New York contains a great number of  
facts upon the subject of this Disease which  
are deserving your notice. I shall endeavour  
to add to the stock of your ideas upon this  
this form of fever, by reading to you an acc<sup>t</sup>:  
of its symptoms and mode of cure in this  
city in the years 1798: 1799. 1802. & 1803.



will most easily become acquainted with  
it. I shall briefly deliver a few remarks  
upon it. ~~They shall be an epitome of all~~

I shall ~~now~~ first take notice that  
you are not to expect to meet with  
but one form of <sup>this fever</sup> it. Dr. Lining has done  
harm by describing a single form of  
it, which I shall presently notice. It

helped very much to produce the mistakes  
and controversies  
which prevailed in this City in the year -

1793. He limits its duration to 5 or 7 days.  
This I will recollect led a physician who  
lost a patient in it in 1794 to say it was  
not a yellow fever, for his patient died  
on the 14<sup>th</sup> & not on the 5<sup>th</sup> or 7<sup>th</sup> day of the  
Disease. Feveris gent. are not, like  
the prices of ~~the~~ extraordinary cut out of =



of

=wood and stone, and capable of being  
shaped into any form we please by a  
• zoological chisel. They ~~delight in~~ <sup>refer to</sup>  
submit to our <sup>manual labor</sup> ~~arrangements~~ <sup>upon</sup> of them,  
and like <sup>the</sup> ~~free agents~~ <sup>formations</sup> assume  
<sup>new</sup> forms & changes at the pleasure of an  
hundred circumstances which we  
cannot avert for, nor controul.

I shall briefly enumerate these forms.

1 After the 3<sup>d</sup> day - ~~to say~~ the patient  
appears to be much better, and often  
supposes himself cured. His skin is  
cool - his pulse is regular, & even  
his appetite returns. This apparent  
suppression of the febrile symptoms



*[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*



9  
has been ascribed to the fever leaving  
the patient by Dr Living. But this is far  
from being the case. It is owing to the  
system being <sup>reduced</sup> prostrated by the fever below  
the point of febrile reaction. I proved  
fit on the 3<sup>rd</sup> day, or a fresh one on the 4<sup>th</sup>  
this by stimulants always killing in  
this state of the system, and by a fever  
being created by V&S & other depleting  
remedies, and the disease being thereby  
cured. —

2 It appears with symptoms of <sup>of depressed</sup> ~~depression~~  
<sup>pulse</sup> prostration, on the 1<sup>st</sup> day, but not  
afterwards, if V&S or other evacuations  
be used. 3 It appears with symptoms of great  
oppression which yield to V&S & depleting remedies.  
4 It appears w: an open typhoid  
pulse - resembling that which occurs  
in pleurisy & Rheumatism. The blood in  
this case is dry from the beginning.



*[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

56

*[Faint handwritten notes on the right margin.]*

*[Faint handwritten notes on the right margin.]*

*[Faint handwritten notes on the right margin.]*

*[Faint handwritten notes on the right margin.]*

*[Faint handwritten notes on the right margin.]*

106



5 It appears in the forms of Colic, Dysentery  
 Diarrhea - Colera morbus - & even Hemorrhage  
 & Catarrh. I have once seen a case of it  
 in the form of Dysentery end in a  
 black vomit.

6 It appears in the forms of Palsy,  
 Apoplexy - Coma - & all the different  
 kinds of Convulsions.

7 - with petechiae - Præputia <sup>bites</sup> (arbores-  
 -cles, and Spots on the skin resembling mosquito

8 - In the form of an Intermittent,  
 particularly a tertian.

9 In the form of Chronic inflam<sup>y</sup> -  
 - chronic typhoid or Non - & Chronic  
 or low typhus fever.

10 88 - In the form of a febricula.



V 17 with petechial spots upon  
the skin



11. — in a Dumb form in which  
there <sup>is</sup> ~~was~~ a full ~~large~~ pulse - a pale  
or flushed face - but no sickness or  
pain. The muscles in this form pre-  
-serve their excitement, - ~~the~~ and patients  
walk about their rooms & houses, & even  
go abroad until just before death. ~~Then~~  
~~See~~ This has been called the walking  
state or form of yellow fever.

12 - In the form of early Universal  
yellowness. ~~It shows~~ This is seldom a  
dangerous form of it. It shows a strong  
antipruritic determination in the disease.

Blanc.

13 It appears with profuse sweats - ~~or~~

14 - with a burning skin.

15 Great & constant disposition to faint,

16 ~~It~~ - with constant coldness & chills. ✓  
~~It is with retching in the skin.~~



✓ Washing the stomach by frequent draughts of warm water. It serves to evacuate, and to obtain bile, and where the stomach is not diseased, from bile, it creates a vomiting less painful than that which is the effect of the disease. Dr Willan comments this remedy in high terms.



of the Remedies for the obvious forms  
of this fever - viz: malignant-inflam.  
typhoid - typhus & intermitting, I have  
spoken already - of the others I shall treat  
under their proper heads.

I shall only deliver a short Acct.  
of the Remedies proper for distressing or  
dangerous symptoms of this disease.

The  $\frac{1}{2}$  of these is

Vomiting. The Remedies are

- 1 U.S. when the pulse is active. This is much  
recommended by Dr. Willoughby. <sup>or Virginia</sup> ✓
- 2 Weak Camomile ~~tea~~, or pepper mint tea.
- 3 Snake root tea.
- 3 Milk. The liquor of the codle but is  
used for the same purpose in the W. Indies.
- 3 Milk & lime water a <sup>if the former & one of the latter.</sup> p. Q. or two ✓
- 4 Sweet Oil.
- 5 Sweet Oil - molasses & milk a p. Q.



region of the  
V<sub>13</sub> Cold water applied to the stomach.

14 Putting the hands into cold water. <sup>Dr Gordon of</sup> Berline.

15 <sup>artificial</sup> Wellser water, that is air strongly  
impregnated with Carbonic acid. I  
know of no remedy that so soon, and  
so certainly ~~composes~~ checks a vomiting,  
or composes a sick stomach. —

16 Yeast alone or mixed with  
water.



6 opening, and when the pulse is reduced, Anodyne

Glysters. 7 alkaline salts in Solution.

8 Glysters of warm, or cold water without  
<sup>acts as a revulsives, the latter as a sedative remedy.</sup>  
 any opening ingredient ~~therein~~. <sup>than</sup> The former

9. Cats roasted, and a tea made of it.

~~10. A black tea~~

10 Spirit of turpentine of <sup>not</sup>  $\frac{1}{2}$  &  $\frac{1}{2}$  in mo-  
 -Cafes or Nut oil - It should be given

too early. It may at the same time be  
 injected into the bowels. <sup>D. Physick. D. M. Allen</sup>

11 Vit. Alb. 2ij Laud  $\frac{1}{2}$  30 ag: <sup>menth for each 19th</sup>

11 A total abstinence from drinks & medicines

The Stomach thus puts itself into health.

12 Blisters to the pit of the Stomach, also  
 to the wrists and ankles. V

<sup>For the black vomiting -</sup>  
 milked lime water - <sup>also injected.</sup>

Opium in large doses <sup>thus</sup> it suspends the  
 discharge - lessens the horror excited by it -  
 & prolongs life.

Cayenne pepper. Both have <sup>been</sup> said to cure



✓ alternately poured upon the head. This  
~~same~~ remedy was much commended by a  
Physician in the W Indies to Dr Richard.



14  
For a Diarrhoea

Testaceous medicines, - & Land: received  
by way of Glyster. Land: will seldom be  
retained by the Stomach, or if it is, it does  
harm.

Pain

In the head by Ice or Cold water applied  
to it in a Bladder, or by hot & cold water.

In the Bowels by Glysters of Cold water,  
or warm water <sup>th</sup> Land: according to Circum-  
stances.

In the stomach by gentle frictions  
of Sweet Oil & Land:

In the limbs - by the same remedy.

Suppression of Urine if in the  
Bladder - by the Catheter.

Coma -

After sufficient V.S. & other depleting remedies.



an account  
✓ For the specific and peculiar gold &  
badgers in this form of fines, and  
for an account of the difference in  
them in different years, I refer you  
to my inquiries. go to p: 4.



by Cypso - and  
 (if indicated) - Blisters to the Neck & head -  
 - or plasters of Mustard spread over <sup>the</sup> head.  
 This last remedy is often used in the W. Indies w:  
 Sweep. -

On the Use of Blisters I beg of you Gent. to  
 read what I have said of them in the History  
 of the fever 1803. They <sup>were</sup> equally useful  
 applied early in the fever of 1805. They divert  
 morbid excitement from the brain & stomach.



I cannot take leave of this state of fever without  
taking notice of the ~~great change of opinion~~ <sup>cross that have prevailed</sup> that  
~~has taken place in this city, respecting it.~~

It was believed in the year 1793 to be a putrid fever,  
and derived from a charge in the blood derived from  
~~it is now believed to be a fever of the highest malarial~~  
~~putrefaction.~~ <sup>It is now believed this fever is derived from</sup>  
~~like the preceding~~ <sup>plague symptoms</sup> are now believed  
to be the effect of Stimulus so violent as to prostrate  
the system to a gangrenous state.

2 It was believed to be a fever of one type always  
appearing with the same symptoms & terminating  
on the same day. ~~It is now~~ <sup>It is now</sup> believed to appear in  
15 ~~different forms.~~ 16 different forms.

3 It was believed to exist in company with  
half a dozen other fevers all totally independent  
of & unconnected with it. ~~It is now believed to be~~ <sup>It is now believed to be</sup>  
~~its symptoms to all other fevers as it was then~~ <sup>It is now believed to be</sup>

4 It was believed to be curable only by Bark  
wine and the cold Bath. ~~These remedies are now~~  
~~universally rejected by all our physicians in~~  
~~this fever.~~

5 ~~Persons & Dr. Purges~~ <sup>Purges</sup> of Calomel & Jalap  
were ~~described as~~ <sup>were</sup> ~~accused of~~ <sup>accused of</sup> ~~killing~~ <sup>killing</sup> all who  
~~received~~ <sup>received</sup> called instruments of murder in



I cannot take leave of this State of  
 fever without taking notice of the crises  
 that have prevailed respecting it in this  
 city in the year 1793. ~~and~~

1 It was believed to be a putrid fever  
 and occasioned by a putrid diathesis in  
 the blood.

2 It was believed to be a fever of Duetype,  
 only and always appearing with the same  
 symptoms and terminating on the  
 same day.

3 It was believed to exist in company  
 with half a dozen or more other fevers,  
 diseases, all totally independent of &  
 unconnected with each other.

4 It was believed to be curable only



52  
taking  
has the

was her  
and de  
it is  
perhaps  
take the

to be to  
the type  
2 It

appear  
on the  
15 ~~8~~

3 It  
half

of &  
its ~~of~~  
4 It

win

mass

this

5 It

were

between



17 the cold bath  
by Bark, wine and other stimulating  
remedies.

5 Purges of Calomel & Jalap were called  
instruments of Death. A physician  
<sup>now</sup> who prescribes this medicine very  
liberally, said of it after hearing me  
advise it in a sick room "that he  
would as soon give the same  
quantity of Arsenic!"

6 Copious bloodletting was universally  
condemned

7 A salivation was spoken of with  
horror, and the loss of not only the  
teeth, but of life was generally as-  
cribed to it.

8 and lastly the yellow fever was

✓ 2 ca  
taking 2  
~~has~~

was held  
and den  
17 is on  
before  
~~the~~

to be the

the sys

2 It u

appears

on the

15 ~~diff~~

3 It u

half a

of &  
its ~~being~~

4 It

will

cross

this for

5 It

were

subsidia



universally believed to be an imported  
and contagious disease.

These errors were not only propa-  
gated in sick rooms, but published  
in all our newspapers. I forbear to  
mention the names of the physicians  
who defended either a part or the  
whole of them. It was my lot to  
contend with them all. The facts &  
arguments which I opposed to them  
were taken chiefly from the writings  
of Dr Denham, <sup>so that in the words</sup> ~~so that in the words~~  
~~of Milton~~ <sup>of Milton</sup> a little varied,  
"I did but teach the tower to quit  
this clog  
"By the plain rules of ancient medicine

52  
taking  
has the

was hel  
and Den  
is a  
partisan  
but the

to be the  
the typ

2 It  
appea  
in the

15 8th

3 It  
half c

off &  
its 4th

win

miss

this for

5 8th

were

subso.

V in some parts of this country. In Great  
Britain this error has lately received a  
deadly blow in a very elaborate work by  
Dr Bancroft. ~~The~~ arguments & facts with  
which he has vanquished it are taken  
chiefly from American publications, but  
by passing thro' the pen of an Englishman  
they have produced universal conviction.  
~~even in Edin<sup>2</sup> the~~



"When lo! - a barbarous noise sur-  
-rounded me,

"Of Owls & Cuckoos, Apes, Apes & Dogs.

I need hardly add that the con-  
-flict with the error I have menti-  
-oned, ended in the triumph of Dr.

Sydenham over all the errors that  
have been mentioned, except the

last. <sup>The yellow fever</sup> It is still believed to be an  
imported and contagious disease.

I have been disposed from the obsta-  
-cles with which this error is still

maintained by our ~~citizens~~ some of  
our physicians, and by most of

our citizens, to believe that a cer-  
-tain portion of Superstition has or

of  
taking  
back

was he  
and D.  
It is  
probably  
to be

to be  
the by

2 It  
appears

in 10  
15

3 It  
half

of 8  
its 4

4 It  
will

was  
this  
5 It

was  
taken



belief in non entities belonged necessarily  
 to the human mind. Witches were the  
 objects of this belief in the 17<sup>th</sup> Century.  
 Ghosts in the 18<sup>th</sup> Century, while the  
 contagiousness of the yellow fever has  
 occupied the place of them both in  
 the 19<sup>th</sup> Century both in Europe & America.  
 - It is remarkable further, - that  
 there is a great sameness in the means  
 which have been employed to defend  
 mankind from these imaginary  
 evils. A horse shoe nailed upon a door  
 sill has been employed to protect a house  
 from Witches - saying the Lord's prayer  
 backwards has been resorted to, to chase  
 away evil Spirits, while the yellow

V2  
taking  
heat

was he  
and D  
is  
putting  
into it

to be  
the 1st  
2nd

appears  
in the  
15th

3rd  
half

off  
its  
4th

we

was

that  
5th

we

has

V For an account of the facts and  
Arguments which disprove the im-  
portation and contagiousness of the  
yellow fever, I refer you to the 4<sup>th</sup>  
Volume of my inquiries.

for over 6 of 6 plague



fever has been met with the more  
 absurd, because the more expensive  
 remedy - of a quassia line. They all  
 and three make nearly equal degrees of  
 imbecility and ~~permanence~~ <sup>obliquity</sup> in the  
 human understanding. - V

We have now gent: taken a view  
 of all the forms of bilious fever <sup>ch</sup> w:  
 occupy the blood vessels in the United  
 States. They are six in number. Viz  
 the yellow fever - the Inflam<sup>d</sup> bilious fever  
 - the mild bilious fever - the ~~intermittent~~ <sup>chronic</sup>  
 bilious fever - the intermitting fever  
 and the febricula. You will recollect  
 that they sometimes blend their types  
 or symptoms together, <sup>that</sup> and ~~that~~ they  
 all sometimes appear in the same seasons.

very  
taking  
has  
was  
and  
12  
pub  
Lohel  
to be  
the  
2  
app  
on  
15  
3  
half  
of  
its  
4  
W.  
ma  
that  
5  
we  
the



and that they now and then run into each other. We shall shortly take a view of the diseases produced by Koinouriasmatic exhalations when they affect the Abdominal Canal. -

Having frequently mentioned the plague as a koinouriasmatic fever I shall now deliver a few remarks upon it.

The British nation it was once said conquered the french in their last attempt to subdue America, in Germany. In like <sup>manner</sup> physicians may learn to cure the or prevent the American yellow fever by studying the history of the plague in Africa and Asia.

It has been called the African and Asiatic plague from its appearing so

5.  
taken  
has

was  
and  
12  
put  
taken

to be  
the

2 &

app  
in

15

3 &

had

of  
its

4

h

in

this

5

in

in



much oftener in those countries than  
 any others, but it has often appeared  
 in the Summer & Autumnal months  
 in every part of Europe. It has rarely  
 appeared in China owing perhaps to  
 the scarcity vegetable aliment of  
 the inhabitants of that country, also  
 to ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ground floors of their houses,  
 to cotton and silk coverings ~~under~~ <sup>worn</sup>  
 next to their skins, and to their great  
 care in conveying so promptly all  
 the filth of their houses & cities, par-  
 ticularly their ~~ordure~~, into the country  
 for the purposes of manure. This  
 extends in a particular manner to  
 their ordure. They have no privies, but  
 all their faeces & urine are collected in

la  
h  
we  
an  
b  
la  
b  
b  
2  
ay  
b  
1  
3  
h  
0  
it  
2  
e  
h  
3

~~unintelligible~~

in  
b  
w  
A  
D  
=  
/o  
A  
.  
A  
=  
A  
C  
A



in pots in their houses & sold to the  
 farmers before they have time to  
 undergo that change from the  
 air which renders them morbid,  
 or prepares them to produce maling-  
 -erous fevers.

The plague possesses the following  
 properties in common with the  
 American yellow fever.

1 In Asia, Africa and Europe it has always  
 been derived from putrid or koinvickma-  
 -tic exhalations as certainly as the  
 American yellow fever.

2 It appears in all the primary  
 forms of fever that have been ~~mentioned~~  
 formerly described. When it affects





the blood refuels, it appears in six  
 grades according exactly with the  
 six grades of the bilious fever former-  
 -ly mentioned. —





but <sup>v</sup>more frequently in hot countries in

the low malignant, or <sup>infectious</sup> ~~infectious~~ form, <sup>like the yellow fever</sup>

3. It is taken <sub>r</sub> from once to twenty times.

4. It ~~is~~ affects strangers more than natives - and persons from cold more than hot climates. Puzos says the French soldiers from the north, were more frequently affected by it than the soldiers from

the South of France.

5. It attacks the young & robust more than <sup>the</sup> aged & feeble.

6. It prevails more in moist than in dry weather. Lorbait says three times <sup>as</sup> many die in the former <sup>as</sup> in the latter state of the atmosphere. & Puzos says heat & moisture must be in an exact ratio to each other to produce the greatest mortality. Heat predominating over moisture or moisture over heat

V ~~How~~ I am happy to find this opinion respecting the plague is not a modern one. I have lately read two pamphlets the one by a Dr Pye, and the published in 1721, and the other by a Dr Pringle published in 1722 in answer to Dr Mead's defence of the contagiousness of the plague. They are both sensible and full of facts and reasonings which completely refute Dr Mead. ~~For~~ One of them asks why if the plague be imported does it never break out in the ship which brings it? and if Lazarettos are to prevent its importation why ~~there~~ is there not a separate Lazaretto for every ship? ~~for~~ and why are the ships which arrive first at a Lazaretto permitted to land their cargoes at the end of 40 days while ships are arriving.



alike check it, or upon its mortality.

7 The same author says it is generally when epidemics preceded by a Catarrh. This disease you know has often preceded our American yellow fever.

8 It is not contagious. Of this many striking proofs are to be met with in the publications of Dr. Rob Wilson & Fellini. Even Whitman <sup>unwillingly</sup> furnishes many proofs of it - altho' he appears to believe in the contrary opinion. V

9 It is checked by great heat - great cold & heavy rains. It ceases within one week of in the vicinity of the Nile after the ground is completely dry, or completely covered with water.

10 It is accompanied with bilious discharges

29  
Daily from infected ports every day <sup>before</sup> ~~after~~  
the time of the quarantine of the first  
ships began? From these questions a  
quarantine to be consistent with it:  
-self should last for ever. —

A similar absurdity exists in ~~all~~  
the quarantine laws of this state. All  
intercourse <sup>to</sup> the lazaretto is interdicted  
under heavy penalties for 5 months, except  
by the members of the board of health  
who after visiting patients in the yellow  
fever at the lazaretto pass immediately  
afterwards without changing their  
clothes into part of the city. A citizen  
of Philad<sup>a</sup> was so struck with this  
absurdity in our quarantine law, that  
he gravely proposed to defend our city from  
the yellow fever by making every man  
a member of the board of health. To return - 9<sup>th</sup>



upwards & downwards. —

≡

It differs from the American yellow fever in the following particulars. —

- 1 It is in hot climates attended with less <sup>reaction</sup> excitement in the Arterial System & or with less <sup>disturbance</sup> of the System.
- 2 It affects the Lymphatic glands more than the yellow fever, particularly those which lie near the surface of the body, as the inguinal - axillary - <sup>& the glands</sup> ~~parotid~~ of the neck & throat. It likewise affects the Skin with petechiae - erysipes & Carbuncles - more than the yellow fever. — The ~~more~~ heat of the climate produces this centrifugal determination of action.

V It may be said the yellow fever is  
the a disease of hot climates as well as  
the plague - ~~but this is not the case~~  
This is true - but it affects persons  
who emigrate from cold countries  
sandy chiefly. The bilious fever usually  
terminates in a black vomiting in a  
Cruel, or an old settler in the West Indies.



~~and~~ of the fluids in health, - no wonder  
therefore it takes place in disease. In  
cold climates - the same determinations  
are more frequently centripetal, - hence  
the <sup>Bubro</sup> Carbuncles & petechiae of the African  
& Asiatic plague appear in our yellow  
fever in ~~marked action~~ <sup>& sometimes</sup> black discharges ~~from the~~  
in disorganization of the stomach & liver.

D'Pugnet mentions a curious fact  
relative to ~~the~~ Bubro in the plague of  
upper Egypt. He says ~~that~~ they appear  
in the right ~~side~~ groin when the disease  
is at its height, but in both groins  
when the disease is in its invading &  
declining states ..

3 The ~~same~~ plague in Europe has some-  
times appeared in a form <sup>etc</sup> w: has given

to  
h  
w  
a  
p  
a  
b  
h  
h  
s  
a  
h  
1  
3  
h  
l  
it  
h  
i



the name of the Swelling sickness. It has appeared several times in England in this form. It was said to have affected Englishmen in foreign Countries, while it prevailed in England. This must have occurred either from their carrying from the beds of the disease with them, or from the predisposing action left in the system by the miasmata after they had passed out of the body. It is thus I supposed formerly plagues in the Spring are accompanied with symptoms of the Autumnal Remittents. It is remarkable - this swelling form of the plague was not believed to be imported <sup>into England</sup>, altho' it was equally mortal with the ordinary forms of the plague. Thus the Dysentery

~~& In every part of our course - and upon~~  
✓ Like the fragments of a divided polypus  
~~every subject we - & they meet us in with~~  
new life in  
every part of our course. —



in ~~the~~ <sup>Domestic</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~which~~ <sup>which</sup> ~~proved~~ <sup>proved</sup> so fatal in  
1794 was believed to originate from ~~foreign~~ <sup>foreign</sup>  
~~exhalation~~, while yellow fever in ~~now~~ <sup>an</sup>  
Haven in 1795 was believed to be imported  
Diseases while a more fatal Dysentery which  
prevailed in the same part of that town  
the year before, ~~was~~ was admitted to be  
of Domestic origin. — ~~This~~ When — or  
how — shall we escape — from the cross  
& evils which erosology has introduced  
into medicine? — ~~The~~ beliefs in the Unity  
of the ~~remote~~ <sup>approximate</sup> of disease would  
have delivered from the deadly influence  
of them ~~both~~ — "What becomes of the  
old moons" ~~said~~ said a young clown to  
his father. "They are all cut up my son  
replied the father into stars" — equally  
absurd ~~as~~ <sup>what</sup> ~~the~~ in medicine is the belief.

~~V Speaking of the effects of heat~~

V History gives us many <sup>lamentable</sup> ~~lamentable~~  
accounts of the prevalence of the plague  
in Britain, France, Holland, and  
Germany = p 29.



that ~~as~~ simple morbid excitement can be divided into as many diseases, as it has remote causes, or, as it affects <sup>different</sup> parts of the body. —

Let it not surprise us that a difference of climate should change <sup>some of the</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>symptoms</sup> of a disease <sup>originating from</sup> ~~from~~ the same cause. It produces much greater changes in vegetables & animals. It even converts the wool of Sheep into hair in warm countries. But the diet-manners - government & even Religion all concur to produce increase the influence of climate in producing <sup>the</sup> ~~some~~ difference between the African plague & the American yellow fever. ~~They are all~~ They are all ~~of a debilitating nature &~~ hence the greater prostration of the system, in the former, than the latter disease. ~~get to the~~

to  
w  
a  
f  
l  
a  
it

*[Faint, illegible handwritten text, possibly a list or account, covering the majority of the page.]*



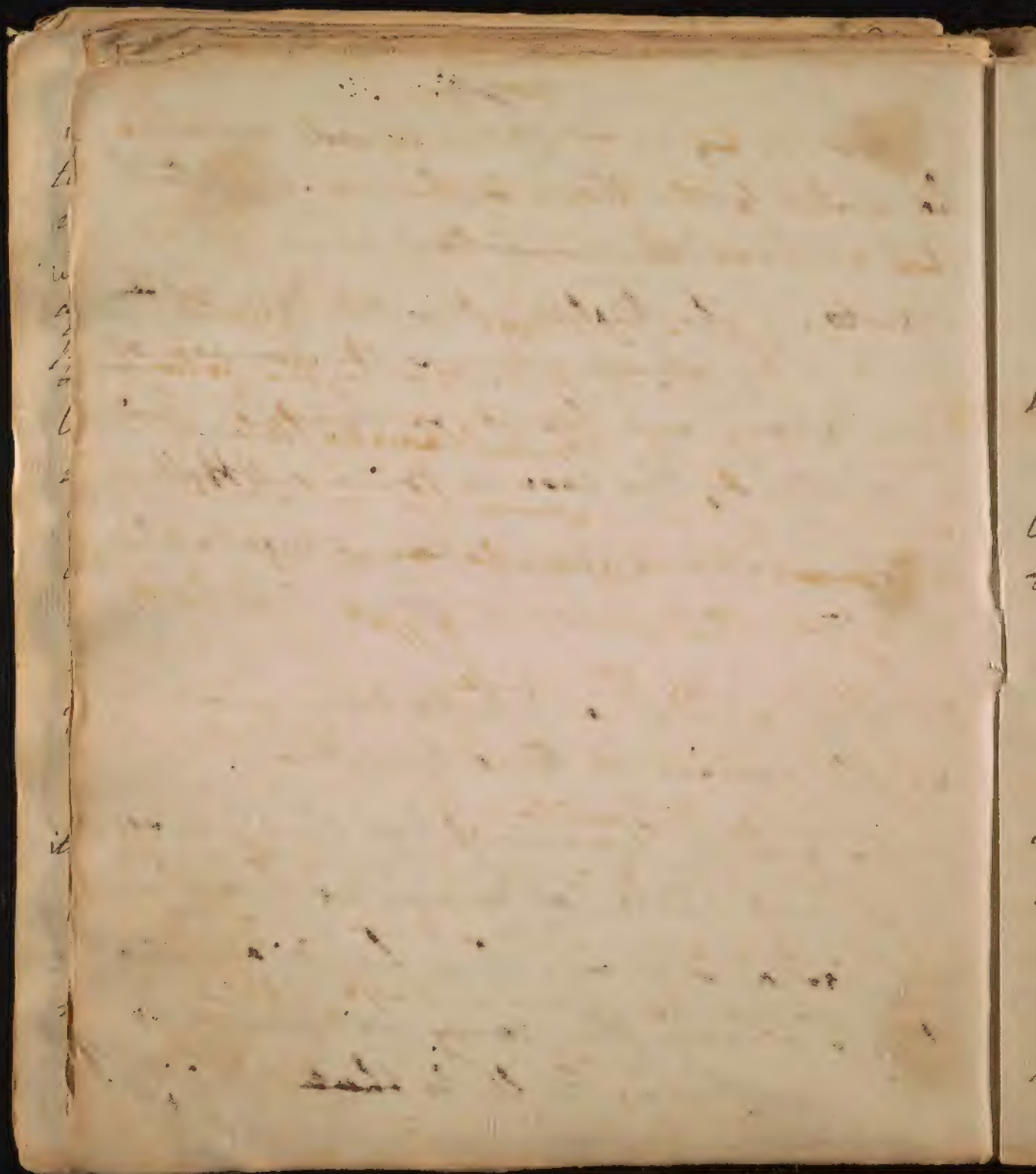
35 #25  
= a few centuries ago. It is now nearly  
banished from those countries. The follow-  
ing causes have concurred to produce that  
effect. 1 The highly cultivated state of those  
countries by which means the sources of  
exhalation are lessened, or destroyed. This  
is eminently the case in Britain & Holland.

2 The greater consumption of vegetables  
in aliment. pure water.

3 The greater size, & better accommodations  
of the houses in those countries.

4 The greater cleanliness in their houses,  
dresses, and modes of preparing their aliments.

The Hollanders owe their hereditary clean-  
-liness which they carry with them into  
Other countries, wholly to that necessity.  
~~which~~ It was imposed upon their





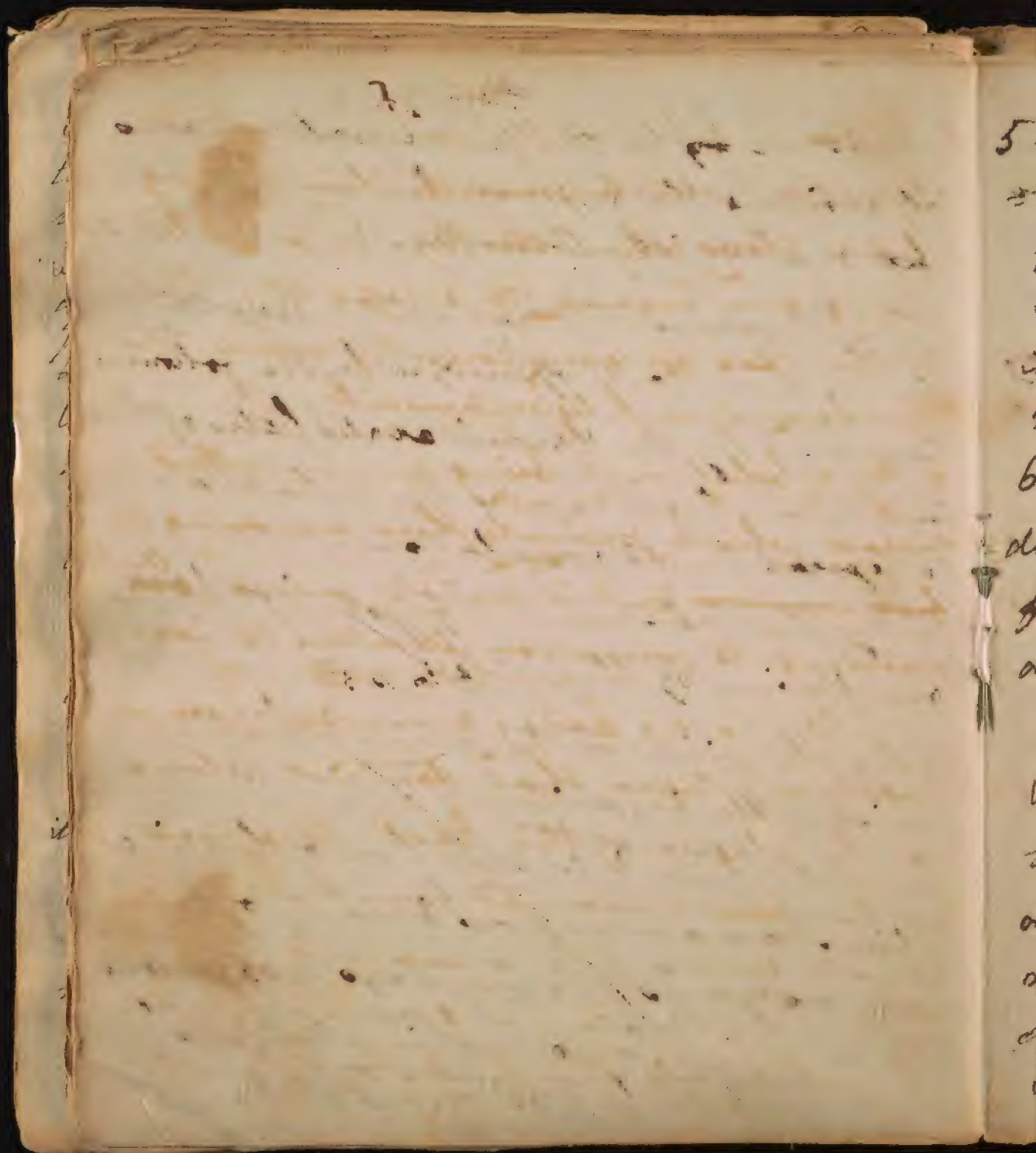
Quarters ~~by~~ as the principal means  
of avoiding the fumes of their damps, and  
~~for~~ once filthy Country.

The plague is still kept up in Egypt & in  
the Eastern parts of Europe by the following  
Causes. 1 By the uncultivated flats of those  
Countries which exposes the inhabitants  
to ~~great~~ putrid exhalations.

2 By the moisture in Egypt left by the  
overflowing of the Nile.

3 By the filth of the Calens & huts of the  
miserable inhabitants.

4 By the form & Construction of their Cities.  
Their Streets are narrow, & many of them  
have no yards. Every day 200 persons  
live in grand Cairo within a compass w:  
accommodates but 30 persons in Paris.





5 by ~~the~~ a belief in the doctrine of predi-  
 -tation which prevents their flying  
 from places where the Air is vitiated, or  
 using any <sup>other</sup> means to escape it. This  
 is the case in every country where the  
 Mohamidan Religion prevails. &

6 By a belief in its being an imported  
 disease which prevents their removing it  
 from impure putrid remote canoes, ~~or~~  
 avoiding its common exciting causes. &

go to page 37  
 There is no leading character of our  
 western plague that does not belong  
 to the plague of the East. It arises  
 as has been remarked from the same  
 remote canoes — It is awakened in the  
 system by the same exciting causes —  
 it ports on all the grades of the 11

✓ but to produce a general irritability  
of the vascular & nervous system



37. ~~38. 39~~ covers  
of the mile which ~~does~~ the matter  
which produce the Disease.

= I shall now add a few Remarks  
upon the Cure of the plague of the East.

### Cure

Many Histories of this Disease teach us  
that copious bloodletting has been its  
principal & powerful Antidote, but  
an equal or perhaps a greater number  
of its histories teach us that this Remedy  
has not only been ineffectual, but  
harmful. In climates alternately hot  
& cold I believe it is always more or  
less indicated, <sup>for here the system is prostrated only below the point</sup> but in the climates of  
~~the East~~ <sup>the East</sup>, where heat combined  
with miasmata <sup>not only to</sup> to prostrate the system  
below the point of reaction, I believe

In our fever - the system resembles a the  
bunch of a tree - recently bent ~~backwards~~ in  
which refuses to yield to us.  
the plague <sup>and</sup> it resembles a tree with its life im-  
paired by <sup>an</sup> excess of ~~heat~~ summer heat.



it is seldom a safe or proper remedy. ✓  
 It remains yet to be tried whether the  
 Riverian method of U.S. might not be  
 employed with success in such cases.  
 The <sup>gradual</sup> loss of blood by scarifications has  
 certainly been found useful. —

2 Dr Sydenham employed sweating with  
 success in the <sup>last</sup> plague of London. It was  
 excited chiefly by external heat. He used  
 it as a substitute for U.S. to which was at  
 that time so contrary to general prejudice  
 that he was not permitted to use it.

4 purging & 5 vomiting have been employed  
 with success in this disease.

There are records of  
 6 Cold Air - a shower of rain & swimming  
 across the Thames having cured this disease  
 They all acted by taking down great morbid  
 excitement. —

✓ ~~to~~ It cures in the ~~former~~ <sup>forming</sup> state of the disease, ~~and~~ ~~by~~ ~~applying~~ When it does ~~serve~~ after the disease is excited - it must be by simple application - or friction. The former does good by reducing morbid excitement, - the latter by exciting the torpid capillaries, & thus bringing on a determination of the disease to the surface of the body. —

9 The Bark has done service in this disease in large & small doses according to the degree of morbid excitement & extent in the system. It has been useful chiefly in climates uniformly warmer as in Africa & Asia. 10 Like all other fevers from Rhinorrhoea, it differs in its symptoms, and requires different methods of cure in different <sup>climates</sup> ~~parts of the~~ & 11 ~~different~~ <sup>different</sup> seasons. ~~It is so much~~



Mr Baldwin has lately published a new  
 7 It is to be lamented that a salivation is  
 too slow in its progress to overtake the  
 rapid tendency of this disease to death. Could  
 it be excited in 24 hours I believe it w<sup>d</sup>  
 be its effectual & universal remedy. <sup>his Rob<sup>t</sup> Wilson says & d<sup>o</sup> p<sup>m</sup></sup>  
 were the most effectual Remedies in it in Brit<sup>n</sup> Army.

Remedy for this disease, & that is exciting  
 a profuse sweat by <sup>wrapping</sup> ~~bathing~~ the whole  
 body in cloathes of heated Sweet Oil. The  
<sup>external</sup> use of Oil is very ancient in fevers. Aspohe  
 of formerly. Piso <sup>Isaid</sup> commends it in the  
 malignant fevers of South America. &

[I shall dismiss this disease by quoting a  
 remark from Mr Webster. He observes from  
 after the plague disappeared in Britain, &  
 became less frequent in Britain, & the nor-  
 thern parts of Europe the malignant sore



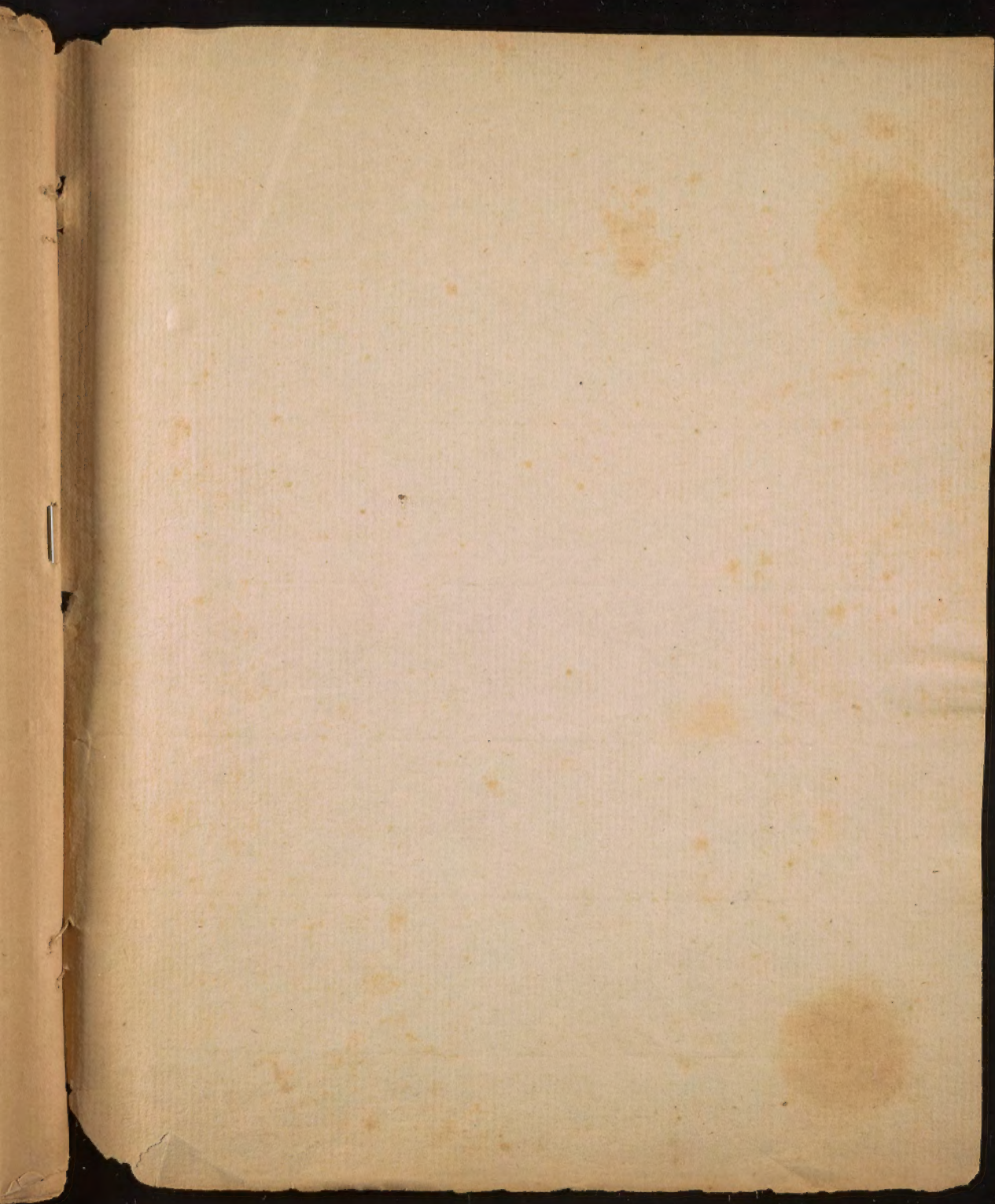
l  
=2  
is  
=  
Th  
l  
a  
h  
c  
lk  
=h  
a  
h  
h  
Ch  
un



the first one









6  
= 2  
is  
=  
Wh  
b  
a  
M  
C  
1h  
= h  
a  
for  
for  
Ch  
un